ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE

OF

APPARATUS & CHEMICAL PREPARATIONS

USED IN THE ART OF

PHOTOGRAPHY;

COMPRISING THE

DAGUERREOTYPE, CALOTYPE, WAXED PAPER,
ALBUMEN, COLLODION,
AND POSITIVE PAPER PROCESSES.

MANUFACTURED AND SOLD BY

BLAND & LONG,

Opticians,

PHILOSOPHICAL, PHOTOGRAPHICAL, & CHEMICAL INSTRUMENT MAKERS,

AND

OPERATIVE CHEMISTS,

153, FLEET STREET, LONDON.

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APPARATUS & CHEMICAL PREPARATUONS

TO THE ART OF CITED

PHOTOGRAPHY;

THE MAISTENAND

DACIDERSOUVER, CALCEVER, WAXED PARTIES

AND POSITIVE PAPER PROCESSES.

H. SILVERLOCK, PRINTER,
WARDROBE TERRACE, DOCTORS' COMMONS, LONDON.

BLAND & LONG,

Spticians.

PRIEDEDRICAL PROTOGRADUUM, A CHEMICAL INSTRUMENT MAIGRES.

OPERATIVE CHEMISTS,

153, PIRET STREET, LONDON.

PREFACE.

MESSRS. BLAND & LONG,

In submitting the following Catalogue of Instruments, Apparatus, and Chemical Preparations used in the beautiful Art of Photography, to the notice of Amateurs and Photographers in general, would take this opportunity of stating, that nearly the whole of the Apparatus therein described is manufactured on the premises, under their own immediate superintendence; thereby ensuring instruments with all the most recent improvements, and at very moderate prices.

They would further state that, for the better carrying out of experiments in Photography, and the testing of Photographic Lenses during the manufacture, they have erected a spacious Glass Room, in which every requisite for the illustration of the various processes, and trial of Lenses, will be found.

Purchasers of Apparatus, and others desiring information, will receive every instruction and explanation as to the manipulations and scientific principles involved in the various photographic processes, either by letter or personally, at the establishment, No. 153, Fleet Street, London.

Orders from abroad, which should be accompanied by an order for payment in London, executed in the best manner, and in the shortest possible time.

Merchants und Agents supplied on liberal Terms.

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MESSES, BLAND & LONG.

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Codes from abund, which should be accompanied by an order for payable in London, executed in the leak manuer, and in the shortest possible sires.

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Catalogue

OF

PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS, &c.

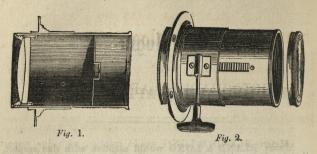
Messrs. BLAND & LONG would mention with due respect, that to obviate delay in the execution of orders received by post from those with whom they have not had the pleasure of being acquainted, it is requested that a remittance by post-office order or cheque, or a reference to some house in London, may accompany such commissions, a discount of five per cent. being allowed for cash on amounts above £5.

Orders from India or the Colonies must be accompanied by a remittance or order for payment in London; and it is particularly requested, that in order to prevent mistakes, orders sent through Agents will be explicit as to the name of the house from which the instruments are to be procured; an intimation of the locality will also be a guide to the selection and manufacture of such goods as will not be injuriously acted upon by the climate.

LENSES.

Single Achromatic Lenses, unmounted, suitable for taking views by Calotype or Collodion processes:—

	D	iameter.		Foc	us.		£	8.	d.	
No. 1	. 11	inches	4	to	6	inches	0	6	0	
;	2. 1	66	6	to	7	"	. 0	8	0	
1	3. 13	"	6	to	8	"	0	10	0	
4	4. 2	"	8	to	10	"	0	14	0	
	5. 21	"	8	to	10	"	0	18	0	
(B. 25	"	12	to	14	"	1	6	0	
7	7. 3	"	12	to	15	"	1	16	0	
1	8. 34	"	12	to	16	"	2	10	0	
	9. 4	"	16	to	20	**	3	10	0	



Single Achromatic Lenses, mounted in handsome brass fronts, with rings for adaptation to Camera:—

	10 7.0		BYALL		lidin	- 1985 ME		For					Rack		0)
	Diam	eter.		e. (F 8.	ig. 1. d.)	1	Pictu	res.		n	£	ion. (d.	5.]
No. 1.	14	inches	0	16	0	1 5	in	. by	4	in	1	1	1	0	
2.	11/2	**	1	1	0	1		. ~ J			1	1	7	0	
3.	13/4	"	1	5	0) 6	"	by	5	"	1	1	12	0	
4.	2	"	1	12	6)		~,			1	2	2	0	
5.	21	i co	1	15	0	7	46	by	6	"		2	7	6	
6.	25/8		2	5	0	9	"	by	7	"		2	15	0	
7.	3	"	3	15	0	11	"	by	9	"		4	10	0	
8.	$3\frac{1}{2}$	"	.4	14	6	12	"	by	10	"		6	0	0	
9.	4	"	6	10.	0	15	"	by	12	"		7	7	0	

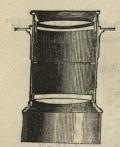


Fig. 3.
Sectional view of Compound
Achromatic Leus.

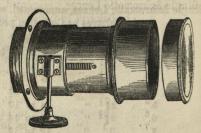


Fig. 4.

BLAND & LONG'S

COMPOUND ACHROMATIC LENSES FOR PORTRAITS.

These combinations are particularly recommended from the qualities they possess of giving a flat field, and having their optical and chemical foci coincident, producing an image on the sensitive surface in an extremely short space of time.

Combination Achromatic Lenses, mounted in handsome brass fronts, with rackwork adjustment, and adapted for either portraits or views:—

portraits	OT ATEM	0.		22	
			£	5.	d.
No. 1. For		s, $4\frac{1}{4}$ by $3\frac{1}{4}$ inches (Fig. 4.) .	3	13	6
2.	46	arranged for views, 6 by 5 in.,			
		and portraits, 41 by 31 in.	4	0	0
3.	- 44	5 by 4 in	4	14	6
4.	"	arranged for views, 7 by 6 in.,			
		and portraits, 5 by 4 in.	5	5	0
5.	"	6 by 5 in	7	7	0
6.		arranged for views, 9 by 7 in.,			
		and portraits, 6 by 5 in.	8	0	0
0 04 7.	"	$8\frac{1}{2}$ by $6\frac{1}{2}$ in			
x 01 8.	46	arranged for views, 12 by 10 in.,			
		and portraits. 81 by 61 in	16	16	0

The arrangement of the above Lenses for views, consists in the removal of one lens in the combination, and placing the other in a different position in the sliding tube, with the requisite stops or diaphragms for regulating the amount of light,

COMPOUND ACHROMATIC FOREIGN LENSES FOR PORTRAITS.



D	ig	0	•		

No. 1. For	pictures,	41 by	31 inches	(Fig. 5.)	. 1 7	6
8/201191				34	. 3 10	0
0.361 21	*	81 by	61 "	bill blanke blanc	. 8 0	0

BLAND & LONG'S ACHROMATIC LANDSCAPE LENSES.

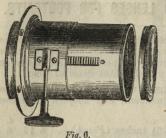


Fig. 6.

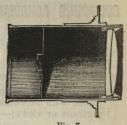


Fig. 7. Section of Landscape Lens.

Messrs. B. & L. feel great confidence in recommending these -Lenses to amateurs and professional photographers, as they give a perfectly flat field, and from their quick action are particularly adapted for taking views where great rapidity is a desideratum.

No 1 13 in	diameter	ro	ckwork adjustment, fo		8.	d.
110. 1. 14 111.	The state of the s	14	pictures 6 by 5 in	. 2	12	6
2. 21	"	"	" 7 by 6 in	. 3	10	0
3. 3	"	"	(Fig. 6.) 10 by 8 in	. 5	10	0
4. 31	"	66	" 12 by 10 in	. 6	10	0
5. 4	46	66	" 15 by 12 in	. 8	8	0

MENISCUS LENSES.

	Diameter.	Focus.	£	8.	d.
No. 1.	13 inches	8 to 10 inches	0	4	0
2.	2	9 to 10 "	0	5	0
3.	23 "	10 to 12 "	0	7	6
4.	3 "	- 12 to 14 "	0	9	0
5.	31 "	14 to 16 "	0	10	6

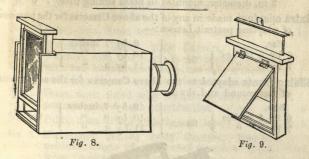
MIRRORS.

Parallel Mirrors for placing in front of the Lenses, to take pictures in their true position

For 1	plate Lens		14 W 14	ermi	£	s. 10	d. 0
1	44	-	66 to 43 50				
risms	adapted for	Same	nurnose	from	2	9	0

PHOTOGRAPHIC CAMERAS,

ADAPTED FOR VIEWS ON GLASS OR PAPER.



RIGID CAMERAS.

No.	1.	Mahogany French-polished Camera, (Fig. 8,) with one single back, (Fig. 9,) for either paper or glass, and ground focussing glass, for pictures 6 by 5 in.		s. 18	
No.	2.	Ditto, ditto, same as above, for either glass or paper process, fitted with single Achromatic lens, 13/4 inches diameter, in brass sliding tube.	2	5	0
No.	3.	Mahogany Camera, French-polished, with one back, for either glass or paper process, ground focussing glass, &c., for pictures 7 by 6 inches	1	2	6
No.	4.	Ditto, ditto, fitted with single Achromatic lens, 2½ in. diameter, mounted in brass sliding tube	1	17	6
No.	5.	Mahogany Camera, French-polished, with one back, for either glass or paper process, ground glass for focusing, for pictures 9 by 7 inches	1	11	6
No.	6.	Ditto, ditto, fitted with single Achromatic lens, 2\frac{3}{2} in. diameter, mounted in brass sliding tube	3	16	6
No.	7.	Mahogany Camera, French polished, with one back, for either paper or glass process, ground focussing glass, for pictures 10 by 8 inches.	1	15	0
No.	8.	Mahogany Camera, fitted with single Achromatic lens, 3 inches diameter, mounted in brass sliding tube, for pictures 10 by 8 in.			0
		sharing tube, for produces to by o in.	0	TO	U

	£	8.	d.
No. 9. Mahogany Camera, French-polished, with one			
back, for paper or glass process, ground focussing			
glass, for pictures 11 by 9 inches	1	17	6

No. 10. Ditto, ditto, fitted with single Achromatic lens, 3 in. diameter, mounted in brass sliding tube . 6 0 0

Extra openings made in any of the above Cameras for the purpose of adapting portrait Lenses:—

Size.		1 9	by 7	inches)
6 by 5 inches 7 by 6 "	5s.	10	by 8	44	6s. 6d.
7 by 6 ")	US.	111	by 9	")

Sliding fronts adapted to the above Cameras for the adjustment of foreground and sky:—

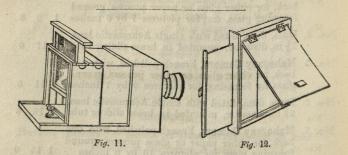
Size.		9 by 7 inches	
6 by 5 inches 7 by 6 " }	6s.	9 by 7 inches 10 by 8 " 11 by 9 "	9s.
i by b		1 11 by 9 " /	



Fig. 10.

Double Backs for paper fitted to above Cameras:—(Fig. 10.)

7 by 6 inches . £1 0s. | 10 by 8 inches . £1 10s.
9 by 7 " . £1 5s. | 11 by 9 " . £1 15s.



SLIDING BODY OR EXPANDING CAMERAS,

Adapted for portraits by the Collodion or Daguerreotype processes

			11
No. 1. Sliding body Camera, (Fig. 11) of French-	1	s.	d.
polished manogany, with one single (Fig. 12)			
back of filenes square, with two loose frames for			
plates 44 by 34 inches, and 34 by 24 inches	1	7	6
No. 2. Ditto, ditto, fitted with Achromatic portrait lens,	95		
of best construction	5	0	0
No. 3. Ditto, ditto, fitted with Foreign lens	2	15	0
No. 4. Mahogany sliding body Camera, French- polished, with one single back 6 inches square,			
with two loose frames for plates 5 by 4 inches			SID#
and 44 by 34 inches, ground focussing glass, &c.	1	15	6
No. 5. Ditto, ditto, fitted with compound Achrometic			
portrait iens, or dest construction	7	0	0
No. 6. Ditto, ditto, fitted with foreign lens	5	5	0
No. 7. Mahogany sliding body Camera, French- polished, single back 8 inches square, with two			
100se frames for plates 6 by 5 inches and 5			
by 4 menes, ground focussing glass, &c	2	10	0
No. 8. Ditto, ditto, fitted with compound Achromatic			
iens, for portraits, of best construction .	9	17	0
No. 9. Ditto, ditto, fitted with Foreign lens	6	0	0
No. 10. Mahogany sliding body Camera, French-			
polished, with one single back 10 inches square, with three loose frames for plates			
of by of inches, o by o inches, and o by 4 inches			
ground locussing glass, &c.	3	10	0
No 11. Ditto, ditto, fitted with compound Achromatic portrait lens, of best construction 1			
			0
No. 12. Ditto, ditto, fitted with Foreign lens 1	1	10	0
FRENCH CAMERAS IN WALNUT,			
THE HOLL OAMERAS IN WALNUT,			36
Unpolished.			
No. 1. 4-plate Walnut Camera	£	s. 13	d.
M. o Dia Corta was a new and a series a	2	2	0
No. 3. ½-plate Walnut Camera		18	0
No. 4. Ditto, fitted with compound lens, for portraits .		8	0
No. 5. Whole plate Walnut Camera		12	6
No. 6. Ditto, fitted with compound lens, for portraits.	SUSTINATION OF THE PARTY OF THE		6
and the state of the state of the post title .	0	12	0

FRENCH WALNUT WOOD CAMERAS, SQUA			
No. 1. 4-plate square Camera, walnut wood		18	d. 6
No. 2. Ditto, ditto, fitted with compound Achromatic			
lens, for portraits up to 44 by 34 inches .	2		0
No. 3. ½-plate walnut Camera, square	1	12	0
No. 4. ½-plate walnut Camera, square, fitted with compound Achromatic lens, for portraits up			
to $6\frac{1}{2}$ by $4\frac{3}{4}$ inches	5	2	0
	2	2	0
No. 6. Ditto, ditto, fitted with compound Achromatic			
lens, for portraits up to 8½ by 6½ inches	10	0	0
	-	,	
	1		
	1	7	
	/	1	
		1	1
	,	2	У
	-		
Fig. 13.			
129. 19			
SLIDING BODY OR EXPANDING CAMERAS			
Adapted for portraits and views by the Collodion and or Waxed-paper processes.—(Fig. 13 & 14.)	Cal	otyp	e,
the contract of the contract o	£	s.	d.
No. 1. Mahogany sliding body Camera, French- polished, with two single (Fig 14) dark slides for			
plates and paper, suitable for portraits 41 by			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2	6	0
No. 2. Ditto, ditto, fitted with compound Achromatic lens, of BEST CONSTRUCTION, adapted for either			
portraits 44 by 34 inches, or views 6 by 5 inches	6	6	0
No. 3. Mahogany sliding body Camera, with two			

for portraits 5 by 4 inches, and views 7 by 6 inches . . . No. 4. Ditto, ditto, fitted with compound Achromatic lens, of BEST CONSTRUCTION, adapted for either portraits 5 by 4 inches, or views 7 by 6 inches 8 0. 0

single dark slides for plates and paper, suitable

2 16 0

		£	8.	d.
No. 5.	Mahogany sliding body Camera, French- polished, with two single dark slides for plates and paper, suitable for portraits 6 by 5 inches, and views 9 by 7 inches.	g.	L,.	
No 6.	Ditto, ditto, fitted with compound Achromatic lens, of BEST CONSTRUCTION, adapted for either portraits 6 by 5 inches, and views 9 by 7 inches	11	13	6
No. 7.	Mahogany sliding body Camera, French- polished, with two single dark slides for plates and paper, suitable for portraits 8½ by 6½ inches, and views 11 by 9 inches		10	M 0
No. 8	Ditto, ditto, fitted with compound Achromatic lens, of best construction, adapted for portraits 81 by 61 inches, and views 11 by 9 inches	99	6	0

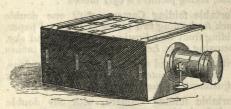


Fig. 15.



Fig. 16.

BLAND & LONG'S PORTABLE FOLDING CAMERAS.

This form of Camera will be found of great convenience where portability is a desideratum, and consequently most efficient for the purposes of the tourist and traveller.

These Instruments are of the best workmanship, and are so constructed as not to warp nor lose their figure when exposed to the sun and weather in any climate.

		-
No. 1. Portable folding Camera, (Figs. 15, 16,) of best Spanish mahogany, French-polished, with one	£ s.	d.
double back for holding two pieces of prepared paper, sliding front for adjusting foreground and sky, focusing glass, &c., for pictures 7		5 M
by 6 inches	4 0	0
No. 2. Ditto, ditto, fitted with single Achromatic lens, mounted in brass sliding tube, for pictures 7 by 6 inches	5 15	0
No. 3. Portable folding Camera, with one double back for holding two pieces of prepared paper, sliding front for adjusting foreground and sky, focussing glass, &c., for pictures 9 by 7 inches	4 14	6
No. 4. Ditto, ditto, fitted with single Achromatic lens, 25 inches diameter, mounted in brass sliding tube, taking pictures 9 by 7 inches	6 19	6
No. 5. Portable folding Camera, with one double back for holding two pieces of prepared paper, sliding front for adjusting foreground and sky, focussing glass, &c., for pictures 10 by 8 inches	6 0	0
No. 6. Ditto, ditto, fitted with single Achromatic lens, 3 inches diameter, mounted with rackwork adjustment, taking pictures 10 by 8 inches . 10		
No. 7. Portable folding Camera, with one double back for holding two pieces of prepared paper, sliding front for adjusting foreground and sky, focussing glass, &c., for pictures 11 by 9 inches		
No. 8. Ditto, ditto, fitted with single Achromatic lens, 3 inches diameter, mounted with rackwork		
adjustment, taking pictures 11 by 9 inches 11 This size is particularly recommended as taking the quarter sheet of waxed paper without cutting in the least to waste.	10	0
No. 9. Portable folding Camera, with one double back for holding two pieces of prepared paper, sliding front for adjusting foreground and sky.		
No. 10. Ditto, ditto, fitted with single Achromatic lens, mounted with rackwork adjustment, producing		
pictures 12 by 10 inches	17	6
o. 11 Portable folding Camera, with one double back for holding two pieces of prepared paper, sliding front for adjusting foreground and sky,		
ground focussing glass, &c., for pictures 15 by 12 inches	0 1	0
		STATE OF THE PARTY

Larger sizes to order

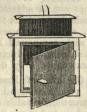


Fig. 17.

Single backs (Fig. 17) for Collodion fitted to the above Cameras with two loose frames:—

For 7 by 6 inches 9 by 7 "	£0	15	0	For 11 by	9	inches	£1	5	6
9 by 7 "	0	18	0	12 by	10	66	1	7	0
10 by 8 "			6		12	- 66		15	



Fig. 18.

Extra double backs (Fig. 18) fitted to the above Cameras:-

For 7 by 6 inches	£1	0	0	For 11 by 9 inches £1 15 12 by 10 " 2 0 15 by 12 " 2 15	0
9 by 7 "	1	5	0	12 by 10 " 2 0	0
10 by 8 "	11	0	0	15 by 12 " 2 15	0

In the Cameras detailed above there is an extra opening for short focus compound lens which can readily be adapted to any of them, the price varying with the size lens employed. (See page 7.)

Messrs. Bland & Long also fit their compound Achromatic lenses to these Cameras, which render them applicable for taking either portraits or views by merely altering the lens. Bland & Long's portable folding Cameras, fitted with compound Achromatic lenses, in handsome brass mounting with rackwork adjustment, and capable of being altered for both portraits and views.

- No. 1. Portable folding Camera, of French-polished mahogany, sliding front for adjustment of foreground and sky, one double back for paper and one single back, with two loose frames for Collodion, fitted with compound lens, of best construction, capable of producing portraits b by 4 inches, and views 7 by 6 inches . 9 0 0
- No. 2. Portable folding Camera, of French-polished mahogany, fitted with compound Achromatic lens, of best construction, capable of producing portraits 6 by 5 inches, and views 9 by 7 inches 13 0 0

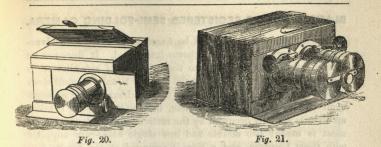


Fig. 19.

SOLID PATENT LEATHER SLING CASES,

For folding Cameras. (Fig. 19.)

No. 1. Solid leather sling Case, for containing Camera	£	8.	d.
and lens, for pictures 7 by 6 inches	1	5	0
No. 2. Ditto, ditto, for pictures 9 by 7 inches	1	12	0
No. 3. Ditto, ditto, for pictures 12 by 10 inches	0	10	-
Leather sling Cases, for lenses only, 10s., 15s., 17s. 6d., a	nd	£1	

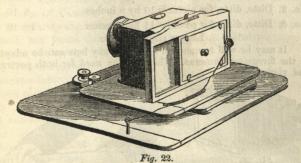


STEREOSCOPIC CAMERAS.

For producing either portraits or views suitable for the Stereoscope.

No. 1. Stereoscopic Camera, of most simple construction, fitted with compound Achromatic lens in sliding front, one single back for plates, ground focusing glass, &c. (Fig. 20.) 3 3 0

No. 2. Stereoscopic Camera, fitted with two compound
Achromatic lenses of same focus, one single back
for plates, ground focussing glass, &c. (Fig. 21.) 5 5 0
With this Camera both pictures are taken at the same instant.



No. 3. Stereoscopic Camera, of best construction, mounted on boards, with parallel adjustments

mounted on boards, with parallel adjustments on Latimer Clarke's principle, with compound Achromatic lens, capable of taking either portraits or views (Fig. 22.)

It is necessary to state that the pictures taken by Nos. 1 and 2, require to be reversed when they are mounted, in order to obtain the true stereoscopic effect.

BLAND & LONG'S REGISTERED SEMI-FOLDING CAMERA.

This form of Camera will be found to possess great advantages over any other form hitherto introduced. It does not let in the light when subjected to the influence of any climate, is extremely portable, and enables the operator to take a small stock of paper and chemicals to the scene of his labours. The arrangement of this Camera is so complete, that no more space is taken up than is actually occupied by the material of which the instrument is made: two double and one single backs are supplied with these Cameras, and a tray is arranged at the top to take the chemicals. Being made on the principle of the expanding Camera, they admit of being used with any lens, giving a great range of focal adjustment.

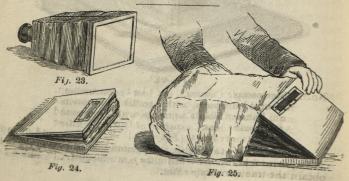
No. 1. Bland and Long's Registered semi-folding Camera, consisting of solid body, folding sliding body, vertical and horizontal adjustment for foreground and sky, two double backs for paper process, one single back with two loose frames for glass plates, tray for holding chemicals, &c., with lock and handle, for pictures 9 by 7 inches and under

No. 2. Ditto, ditto, for pictures 10 by 8 inches . . . 8 10 0

No. 3. Ditto, ditto, for pictures 11 by 9 inches . . 10 10 0

Larger sizes to order.

It may be well to mention here that any lens can be adapted to the foregoing Cameras. They can be used for both portraits and views.



BLAND & LONG'S IMPROVED ELASTIC FOLDING CAMERA

With Apparatus for changing the papers in paper process. (Figs. 23, 24, 25.)

This form of Camera has been devised with a view to extreme portability, and at the same time that the parts of it should be of such a nature as not to readily get out of order. The Camera consists of a firm bottom board, having the front which holds the lens, of mahogany hinged to it; the frame, which is destined to carry the dark slide and focussing glass, is hinged at the other end. The intervening space is, or more properly the three remaining sides are, made of waterproof black silk, which material from its strength and flexibility is admirably adapted for the purpose. A light bar of metal passes between the front and back frames to keep them properly asunder; on removal of this bar, the front from which the lens has been unscrewed folds down parallel with the bottom of the Camera, and the frame in which the focussing glass remains folds over that, forming a very portable and extremely flat parcel. The back supplied with this Camera for use with the Apparatus for changing the papers in the open air is single; double ones are as readily adapted to this as to any other form of Camera.

Everybody who has worked with the waxed or any other paper process, has found the difficulty of changing his sensitive papers

while on an excursion. The Changing Apparatus figured in margin may be used with perfect ease and success in the most blazing sun, without danger of injury to the sensitive surface; it consists of a portfolio



Fig. 26.

of two compartments arranged in a light wood box, the cover of which lifts up (as shown in Fig. 26). To the open end of this box is fastened a yellow calico bag, having an aperture secured by a ring of vulcanized India rubber at one side near the end. The portfolio occupies the bottom of the box, and when not

in use the calico bag is folded up and rests on the top of it, and allows the lid of containing box to shut (as shown at Fig. 24) There is a yellow glass window in the lid, which enables the operator to see what he is about while changing his papers.

The method of using the Changing Apparatus is as follows:—The upper compartment of the portfolio contains the sensitive papers face downwards, a sheet of blotting paper being placed between each; the dark slide of the Camera is now inserted through the opening in the yellow bag, and is followed by the right hand of the operator, who with his left raises the lid of the containing box. The door of the slide being now opened, the paper which has undergone exposure may be slipped into the under compartment of the portfolio, and a fresh piece substituted from the upper one; any number can be thus changed without trouble or the danger of injury to the sensitive surface. The space occupied by this simple piece of apparatus is extremely small, and the weight is a mere trifle.

The Camera, Lens, and Changing Apparatus, complete, for pictures 9 by 7 inches, occupy a space

Fig. 27.

pictures 9 by 7 inches, occupy a space included in leather case 14 inches long, 11 inches wide, and 4 inches deep (Fig. 27).

Messrs. Bland & Long have had practical experience in the working of this new apparatus, and can confidently recommend it as being the desideratum of the photographer on paper, its chief

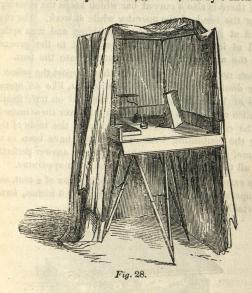
characteristics being efficiency, portability, and cheapness.

No. 1. Bland & Long's improved elastic folding Camera, with Changing Apparatus, &c., com-	£	s.	d.
No 2. Ditto, ditto, fitted with single Asl	3	13	6
diameter, producing pictures 9 by 7 inches No 3. Improved elastic folding Camera, with Changing Apparatus &c. complete and the complete and t			
No. 4. Ditto, ditto, fitted with single Achromatic lens, mounted in brass front, with rackwork adjustment, 3 inches diameter, products	4	14	6
10 by 8 inches producing pictures	9	4	6

No. 5. Improved elastic folding Camera, with Changing Apparatus, &c., complete, for pictures 11 by 9 inches, taking the ½ Canson's sheet of waxed paper, without lens 5 10 0

No. 6. Ditto, ditto, fitted with single Achromatic lens, mounted in brass front, rackwork adjustment, 3 in. diameter, producing pictures 11 by 9 in. 10 0 0

Leather sling Cases for the above Cameras, (Fig. 27) size, 9 by 7 inches, £1 5s.; 10 by 8 inches, £1 15s.; 11 by 9 inches, £2.



BLAND & LONG'S NEWLY-INVENTED PORTABLE DARK TENT,

For working the Collodion process in the open country. (Fig. 28.)

A good substitute for a dark room has long been a desideratum to the photographer in Collodion, and we have much pleasure in submitting the present invention to the notice of photographers generally, as combining all that can be required for the purposes of open air work. The tent consists of a strong and roomy table, mounted on a firm Tripod Stand; from the top of the table at each corner rise four jointed spring supports, these support a frame over which is stretched yellow calico of three thicknesses; a black calico envelope covers the whole, and enables the operator to work with as great ease in the open country as he would in his own laboratory at home. The black envelope is furnished with a circular aperture at the top for admitting light to the interior of the tent, there is also a curved bar which keeps the covering from touching the head of the operator while at work. The envelope is bound at its edge with strong webbing, and iron spikes are attached at intervals in order to secure it to the ground and prevent the wind and light from getting into the tent.

When not in use, the springs that support the yellow calico chamber double inwards and fall quite flat, like an opera hat; the legs of Tripod then fold up and are laid on top; finally, the black calico envelope is folded up and laid over these immediately under the cover which secures the whole, the table of the tent forming the containing box. These tents have been in use for some time, and we can pronounce them to answer perfectly and to fulfil all the conditions required in such an apparatus.

The extreme size of outside containing box of a tent, suitable for an operator, 6 feet high, is 24 by 18 by 4 inches, forming a very portable and compact case (Fig. 29.)

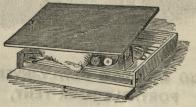
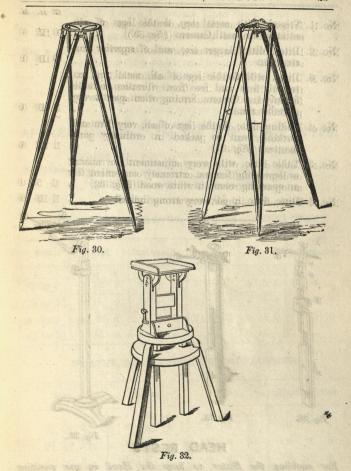


Fig. 29.

Bland & Long's portable Tent, for working Collodion in the open air, complete (Fig 28) . . 5 5 0



TRIPOD STANDS FOR CAMERAS.

To ensure success in taking either portraits or views, it is absolutely essential that the Camera should be perfectly free from vibration; if this be not the case, it is obviously impossible to obtain a perfectly sharp impression. Lightness, with freedom from vibration, are combined in the Stands offered in the following list:—

No No.

No. 1 Thinad with motal tan double loss of ach		8.	à
No. 1. Tripod, with metal top, double legs of ash, suitable for small Camera (Fig. 30.)		12	(
No. 2. Ditto, ditto, larger size, and of superior construction	0	18	0
No. 3. Ditto, with double legs of ash, metal top, ex- tremely firm and free from vibration, suitable for any size Camera, forming when apart a very portable stand	1	10	0
No. 4. Folding ditto, double legs of ash, very firm and portable, can be packed in ordinary port-		10	
manteau (Fig. 31)	1	17	6
No. 5. Table ditto, with every adjustment for raising or depressing Camera, extremely convenient for	1	5	0
an operating room, in white wood (Fig. 32) No. 6. Ditto, ditto, in oak, very strong indeed			0
No. 6. Ditto, ditto, in oak, very strong indeed	1	10	1
	9		U
300	/		
a C			
a # 0			
B (1)			
)		
Fig. 33. Fig. 34.			
Fig. 35.			
HEAD RESTS			
For enabling the Sitter to keep the Head in one without fatigue.	008	ition	1
No. 1. Head Rest of simplest form, for attaching to back of chair	3.	. d	
No. 2. Ditto with adjustments for	2	5 6	6
and placing the head piece at any required			
inclination, for attaching to back of chair (Fig. 33)	0	6	

No. 3.	Bland & Long's Universal Head Rest, with	£	s.	d.	
	means of adjustment for every position of the sitter, for attaching to chair (Fig 34)	1	10	0	
No. 4.	Universal Head Rest, with heavy iron foot, and brass sliding tube, which enables this rest to be used either for a standing or sitting posture.	3	3	0	
	(Fig. 35)				

APPARATUS USED IN THE DAGUERREOTYPE.

Under this head are enumerated all the apparatus, materials, and preparations required by the Photographer in operating on Silvered Plates.

DAGUERREOTYPE PLATES, ENGLISH MANUFACTURE.

Size.	Best.			2nd quality.			Size.]	Best		2nd	qua	lity.
358	£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.		£	s.	d.	£ 2	s.	d.
2½ by 2	0	12	0	0	12	0	5 by 4	2	5	0	2	3	0
3¼ by 2¾	0	18	0	0	16	0	$6\frac{1}{2}$ by $4\frac{3}{4}$	3	5	0	3	0	0
4 by 3	1	8	0	1	7	0	8½ by 6½	5	10	0	5	0	0
4½ by 3½	1	12	0	1	10	0	-		_			_	

PLATES, BEST FRENCH MANUFACTURE.

Size.	4	Oths		n 500	30ths	•	Elect	Electro-Plated.			
. la . d . Pa	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
2½ by 2	0	3	6	0	4	0	0	5	0		
3½ by 2¾	0	5	6	0	6	0	0	8	6		
4 by 3	0	9	0	0	9	0	0	10	6		
4½ by 3½	0	9	6	0	9	6	0	11	0		
5 by 4	0	12	0	0	13	6	0	16	0		
$6\frac{1}{2}$ by $4\frac{3}{4}$	0	17	6	0	18	6	1	1	0		
$8\frac{1}{2}$ by $6\frac{1}{2}$	1	14	0	1	16	6	2	0	0		

APPARATUS USED IN DAGUERREOTYPE.

PLATE BOXES.

Each containing grooves for 12 plates.

Size.	M	ahoga	any.	11 81	Walnut Wood.				
and Stranger of	£	s.	d.	th mad	£	s.	d.		
2½ by 2 inches.	0	3	0		0	1	4		
3¼ by 2¾ "	0	3	6		0	1	6		
4 by 3 "	0	4	0		0	1	8		
4½ by 3½ "	0	4	3		0	1	10		
5 by 4 "	. 0	4	6	1997	0	2	0		
6½ by 4¾ "	. 0	5	6		0	2	6		
81 by 61 "	0	6	6		0	3	0		



PLATE HOLDERS.

Plate Holders, of wood, with brass corners and cramp to fix to table while cleaning or polishing. (Fig. 36.)

No. 1.	For plates,	2½ by 2 i	nches		£ 0	s. 1	d. 6	
No. 2.		3¼ by 2¾			0			
No. 3.	. "	4 by 3			0			
No. 4.	"	4½ by 3½			0			
No. 5.	4 1	5 by 4			0			
No. 6.	"	6½ by 4¾			0			
No. 7.		8½ by 6½			0			

Simple polishing block, for holding the plate while buffing,
1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

Metal plate holders, for use with circular buffs in the lathe, or for securing the plate while buffing by hand, of superior make.

		(Fig. 3	7.)						
						£	8.	d.	
For plates,	2½ by 2 ir	iches		•		0	6	0	
"	3½ by 2¾	"	1996			0	7	0	
16 ()	4 by 3	**				0	8	0	
"	5 by 4	"				0	10	0	
Handle of	hard woo	d, with	steel	pin	for				
use wit	h ditto .		Nz.			0	í	0	

AMERICAN PLATE HOLDER.

Consisting of a strong iron clamp, which firmly secures one edge of the plate, and allows of vigorous use of the buff.

Learn make a first travers of the tension days, at the particular search to	£	s.	d.
Iron clamp on wood block	0	7	6
Flat iron blocks for plates:—			
	0	2	0
No. 2. 3½ by 2¾ "	0	2	6
No. 3. 4 by 3 " or $4\frac{1}{4}$ by $3\frac{1}{4}$ inches .	0	3	0
No. 4. $6\frac{1}{2}$ by $4\frac{3}{4}$ "	0	5	0
Apparatus for bending the edges of thin French plates,			
to prevent injury to the buff	0	7	6
Pliers of an improved form, for bending the corners of			
plates, and also for holding the plate in drying	0	2	0



Fig. 38.

BUFFS. (Fig. 38.)

The materials used in covering these buffs are rendered free from grease and any other impurities naturally existing in them.

BUFFS-CONTINUED.

	Size.	Velvet.	Doeskin.			
0 8		£ 3. d.	£ s. d'.			
No. I.	12 by 3 inches.	0 3 0	0 5 0			
No. 2.	15 by 3 "	0 4 0	0 6 0			
No. 3.	16 by 4 "	0. 4. 6	0 7 6			
No. 4.	9 by 6 "	0 5 0	0 8 0			

Best carded cotton wool per l	b. £	3.	d.
Hard wood sifting boxes, for containing polishin powders exc		I	. 6
Materials for polishing plates (see page 53).			

IODINE AND BROMINE PANS.

Porcelain dishes for Iodine or Bromine, with ground	£	8-	ď.
	0	2	0
Glass dishes with air-tight covers :			
4½ by 3½ by 2 inches each	0	8	6
7 by 5 by 3 " "	0	12	0
8\frac{3}{4} by 6\frac{3}{4} by 3 "	I	2	6

FODINE AND BROMINE BOXES.

Single Iodine or Bromine box, of french polished mahogany, with glass pan, ground glass air-tight cover, and mirror for viewing the plate while under the influence of the vapour:—

For plates	44	Ъу	34	inches	downward	s.			£	s. 1	d.
"	$6\frac{1}{2}$	hy	43	"	4	3316	a.				
Administration of the last of	81	by	61/2	"		15. 8					

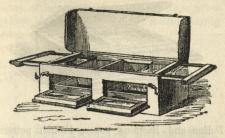


Fig. 39.

COMPOUND IODINE AND BROMINE BOXES.

This form of Bromine box is extremely convenient, as it enables the operator to readily change the plate from the Iodine to the Bromine without exposure, and at the same time to see the colour produced by the vapour.

Compound Iodine and Bromine box, of French-polished mahogany, with glass pans, polished sides, mirrors, and set of frames, &c., complete:— (Fig. 39)

							£	8.	d.	
For plate	s 44 b	34	inches,	and under	4.		2	5	0	
"	6½ b	y 43/4	"	"			3	0	0	
44	81 b	y 61	- 66	44			5	0	0	



Fig. 40.

Single Iedine or Bromine boxes, French pattern, without mirrors.

(Fig. 40.)

					De	lf pa	ns.
					£	8.	d.
For 1 plate size, with set of	frames	1.18	30 .		0	9	0
½ plate "			dain	energies.	0	16	0
whole plate size "			· ·		1	0	0

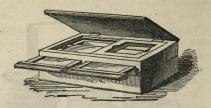


Fig. 41.

Double Iodine and Bromine boxes, French pattern, without mirrors (Fig. 41.)

				£	8.	d.
For 1 plate size, with set	of frames	dol di	HUOTH	. 0	18	0
½ plate "	" a red to	of parage	10.00	. 1	2	6
whole plate size.	" was a set of the	200	01:000	. 1	7	6

cill toos of amid cause all in bus security modific amiscool set

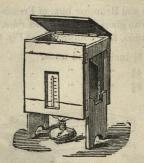


Fig. 42.

MERCURY BOXES. # 1. d. Mercury Box, French pattern, walnut wood (Fig. 42):— No. 1. for plates 4½ by 3½ inches . . . 0 8 0 No. 2. " 6½ by 4¾ " . . . 0 12 0 No. 3. " 8½ by 6½ " . . . 0 16 0 Thermometers with ivory scales to mercury boxes, each 0 7 6

Mercury boxes, of improved construction, with winds	£		d.	
and yellow glass, for viewing the picture during the action of the mercury:—	ng.			
No. 1. for plates 4½ by 3½ inches		1	1	0
No. 2. " $6\frac{1}{2}$ by $4\frac{3}{4}$ "		1	7	6
No. 3. " 8½ by 6½ "		1	15	0

MISCELLANEOUS APPARATUS.

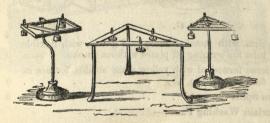


Fig. 43.

Fixing Stands with levelling screws (Fig 43):-	£ s. d.	
No. 1. for 1 plate size	. 0 3 6	
No. 2. ½ "	. 0 5 6	
No 3 whole plate size	. 0 7 6	



Fig 44.

Glass Spirit Lamps, each 1s., 1s. 6d., 2s., 2s. 6d., to 0 5 0

(Fig. 44)

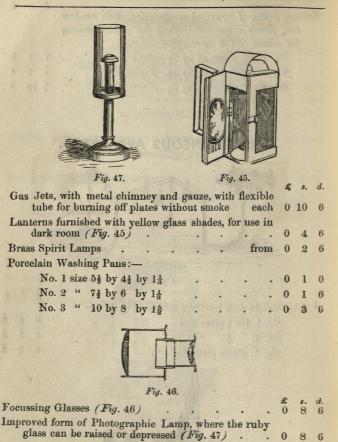




Fig. 48.

GLASS GRADUATED MEASURES. (Fig. 48.)

	£	s.	d.	The second of the second of the second	£	s.	d.
1 ounce .	. 0			6 ounce .	. 0	2	4
2 " .				8	. 0	2	9
4 "	. 0			Minim		1	0
Glass Funnels				each 4d., 6d., an	d 0	1	0
Ditto Syringes				from eac	h- 0	0	4
Ditto ditto, gra					0	1	0



Fig. 49.

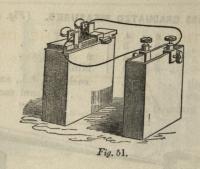
STILLS.

It is found very convenient frequently, to have at hand the means of obtaining pure water at a trifling cost; this desideratum is acquired in a very economical way by the use of a small still, which can be placed over a common fire.

		8.	d.	
Tin Still to hold half a gallon, with worm tub complete,				
for use over the common fire (Fig. 49)	0	17	6	
		1		
Ditto, ditto, two ditto	1	7	6	
Conner ditto half ditto.	1	10	0	
Copper disco, man and		2		
Ditto, ditto, one ditto	~	~	v	



Fig. 50.

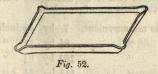


ELECTRO-SILVERING APPARATUS.

For giving a coating of pure silver to Daguerreotype plates, and also for re-silvering used-up plates. (Fig. 51.)

	- The total	asou-ap pour	108.	'iy. 31	.)		
Sme	e's Batteries No. 1, 8s	. 6d. No.	2, 11s.	6d.			
Glas	s Cells, fitted with bindir	ng screws co	mplete:		1	. 8.	d.
	For plates 41 by 31 inc	hes .	on rear	farme)		5	
	Ditto $6\frac{1}{2}$ by $4\frac{3}{4}$ "	fasiciodes	a Alba	ni i	0	7	6
	Ditto $8\frac{1}{2}$ by $6\frac{1}{2}$ "	omingo a ma	ro boon			15	
Porce	lain Cells, fitted as above	e:— dolles					
	For plates 41 by 31 inch		offen s	ga ,ož	0	4	0
	Ditto $6\frac{1}{2}$ by $4\frac{3}{4}$ "		onun o diih Ha	d ard	0	6	0
	Pure silver foil for the al		. pe				0
Argen	to-Cyanide of Potassium	A supplied to	. per	nint.	0	10	0
Ditto,	7:44-	l strength					0

APPARATUS, &c. USED IN THE CALOTYPE AND OTHER PAPER PROCESSES.



Porcelain Pans, with flat bottoms, for preparing and washing paper (Fig. 52):—

No. 1. size 6 by 4½ by 1½ inches deep

	2.	" 7½	by 6	by 1\frac{1}{8}		0	1	6	
	3.	" 10	by 8	by 15/8	"	0	2	0	
	4.	" 83	by 63	by 11/8	"	0	1	3	
	5.	" 10	by 7½	by 1\frac{1}{8}	in Patta, of	0	1	6	
	6.	" 11	by 9	by $1\frac{1}{8}$	" REMOD	0	2	0	
	7.	" 13	by 11	by 11/4	01 - ydu (01)	0	4	0	
	8.	" 15	by 11	by 11/2	01 gd., 51	0	5	0	
	9.	" 20	by 16	by 11/2	"	0	17	0	
	10.	" 22	by 18	by 1½	""	0	21	0	
	11.	" 8	by 5½	by 11/8	ist wi'ter	0	1	0	
Deep	Pans fo	or washi	ng:-						
	No. 1.	size 9	by 81	by 21/4	inches deep	0	2	6	
	2.	" 103	by 81/2	by 21/4	lock leftmen	0	2	9	
	3.	" 11	by 10	by 21/4	worl fising	0	3	0	
	4.	" 13½	by 11½	by 2½	albeerge edit	0	6	0	
	5.	" 14½	by $12\frac{1}{2}$	by 2½	"	0	8	0	
	6.	" 16	by 12½	by 2½	"	0	9	6	
	7.	" 19½	by 14½	by 21/4	"	0	15	0	
	8.	" 231	by 18	by 3	"	1	5	0	

Glass Dishes with polished bottoms and edges for preparing waxed or Calotype papers. The advantage possessed by these dishes is, that they are entirely unacted upon by the chemicals employed, and therefore can be used for different solutions one after another, without risk of the admixture which is so likely to take place when the pans are of porcelain.

Traco	" Hou the pairs are of]	DOLCE	Hibit					
No. 1.	Inside measurement,	7	by	$5\frac{1}{2}$	inches		s. 6	
2.	" Commence	$9\frac{1}{2}$	by	$7\frac{1}{2}$	"	0	11	0
3.	• •	101	by	81	"	0	15	0
4.	.	$11\frac{1}{2}$	by	$9\frac{1}{2}$	"	0	17	6
5.	teems, for Peparing	13	by :	11	"	1	5	0

No. 1. Nest of three Gutta Percha Trays:—

Size of largest 10 by 8 by 13/4 inches . . . 0 9 0

No. 2. Nest of three Gutta Percha Trays:—

Size of largest 11 by 9 by $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches . . . 0 12 0 Gutta Percha Pans, of very superior finish, with perfectly flat and polished bottoms.

No. 1. size 12½ by 1	0½ inches	£	s. 8	
2. " 12 by 1		0	6	6
3. " 11½ by	91/2 "	0	5	6
4. " 11 by (1 74 M M 7 1 0 1 1	0	4	0
		1	1	0
5. " 19½ by 14	$\frac{1}{4}$ by 2 inches .	1	0	0

GUTTA PERCHA FUNNELS.

Gutta Percha Funnels, each 6d., 8d., 1s. 3d., 1s. 6d., and 2s. Gutta Percha Dipping Troughs. (See page 42.)

Glass Rods for the spreading of solutions on paper, each 4d., 6d. and 0 1 0

Boards for the preparation of paper:-

No.	. For paper	7 by 6	inches		s. 1	d. 0
No. 3	4.0	8 by 7			1	
No. 4		by 8	"		1	6
	11	by 9	" .	3 (2)	9	0



Glass Graduated Measures, (Fig. 54,) accurately divided.

					d.		s.	d.
Contents	1	ounce		1	3	Contents 8 ounces	2	9
"	2	ounces		1	4	" 20 oz. cylindrical	3	6
"	4	"		2	0	Minim measure, 120 drps	1	0
**	6	"		2	4		1	0

GLASS FUNNELS,

Ribbed inside, for filtering. (Fig. 55.)

						s.	d.
No. 1.	2 inches	diameter		•		0	4
No. 2.	21/2	"		•	•	0	5
No. 3.	4	66			(000)	0	6
No. 4.	5	"				0	8
No. 5.	6	11 10 1 21	ILEAS IV	ol a	•	1	0
No. 6.	7	" late and	to the same			1	4
Funnels, V	Wedgwood	, cream	colour,	ribb	ed	ins	side:—
No. 1.	2 inches	diameter	alono a	.(,0)		0	5
No. 2	31/2	"				0	8
No. 3.	4	"				0	10
No. 4.	5	66	1 . 26.1		4.5	1	4
No. 5.	6	Deer of Albert	व्यवकृत कर्	AL		2	0
No. 6.	61	66			9.3	2	6

Filter Holders, (Fig. 56,) very useful for filtering small quantities of liquid . . . each 3d., 6d., and 8d.

Glass Syringes, for taking up definite quantities of solutions.

Plain, from 4d.; Graduated, from 1s.

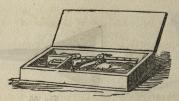
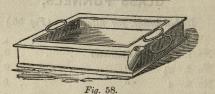


Fig. 57.

SCALES AND WEIGHTS.

TANKS AND COLUMN TOWN THE PERSONS THE PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	£	8.	d.
No. 1. In oak box, metal pans		3	
No. 2. Ditto	0	5	0
No. 3. Ditto glass pans (Fig. 57)	0	7	0
No. 4. Mahogany box "			
No. 5. Ditto, with brass pillar and glass shifting pan,			
with drawer	2	2	0



Double Tin Dish for Waxing Paper, (Fig. 58,) very convenient 0 12 6 Ditto, ditto, with plated inner dish 1 5 0

Horn Forceps, for manipulating with waxed paper, (Fig. 59,) 1s. each.

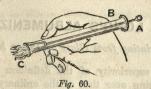


Fig. 59.

CAMEL'S HAIR BRUSHES,

Made expressly for Calotype.

1½ in	ches broa	d, each	s. 1	d. 6] 3 in	ches bro	ad, each	s. 2	d. 6
2	"he he	"	1	9	4	"	"	3	6
21/2	des by a	itiliani e	2	3	1 5	"	"	4	6
Thick	round di	tto .	105.01	singrik	ea.	ch, 1s., 1	s. 6d. and	2	0



Buckle's Brushes (Fig. 60,) for spreading solutions, each $\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{f} & \mathbf{s} & \mathbf{d} \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

PHOTOGRAPHIC PAPER.

As much of the success of the Calotype, waxed paper, and other paper processes depends on the nature of the material on which the sensitive compound is spread, a careful selection of papers from the most eminent makers has been made, combining fineness of surface and evenness of texture, with a proper tenacity to allow of the necessary washings to which the paper is exposed in the various manipulations.

		Per	r qui	re.
Canson Fréres,	Negative	0	s. 3	d. 0
size 22½ by 17½ inches		0	NEVE SE	0
WHATMAN'S, OF HOLLINGSWORTH'S,			3	
size 19 by 15 inches	Positive .	0		0
TURNER's patent Talbotype,	Negative	0		
size 15 by 9 inches	7	0		6
German paper,	CT IN THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY	0		0
size $22\frac{1}{2}$ by $17\frac{1}{2}$ inches	} D		4	
BLAND & Long's Waxed paper, 1				
care, size $17\frac{1}{2}$ by 11 inches		0	7	0
Bland & Long's Iodized Waxed pap	er, size 17½ by 11 in.	0	15	0
BLAND & Long's Iodized paper,				
Size 7 by 6 inches, 3s. dozen S 9½ by 7½ " 5s. "	Size 10 by 8 inches, 15 by 12 "	8s.	doz	en
White Bibulous paper, prepared fre				
impurities	. per quire		1	3
Papier Joseph		0	1	0
Solution for Iodizing paper, for C	alotype, per ounce	0	1	6
" Waxed pape	r . per pint	0	5	0
" for rendering the abov		0	9	0

BLAND & LONG'S ALBUMENIZED PAPER,

For printing from Glass or Paper Negatives.

The great superiority of the definition obtained by this method of printing over that of the ordinary process, renders it necessary that all pictures—where great minuteness of detail is essential to their successful effect—should be printed on Albumenized paper. It is easily rendered sensitive, and being prepared with Salts of Baryta will give every colour and tone from a sepia to a perfect black.

Size $22\frac{1}{2}$ b	y $17\frac{1}{2}$ inches	per quire	0	s. 14	d. 0	
$17\frac{1}{2}$ b	y 11 "	"	0	7	0	
11 b	y 9 "	"	0	3	6	

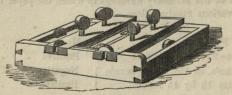


Fig. 61.

REVERSING OR PRINTING FRAMES.

These frames are so constructed, that a uniform pressure may be obtained, thus insuring perfect contact between the positive and negative papers. The back boards of these frames are so arranged, that the progress of the picture may be watched without danger of shifting the papers.

Reversing Frames in French-polished Mahogany (Fig. 61):-

No. 1. For pictures, 7 by 6 inches .	£ 0	s. 10	d. 0
2. " 9 by 7 "	0	12	6
	0	15	0
5	1		The same
0. " 14 by 12 "	1	7	6

Reversing Frames in White Wood, hinged backs for viewing progress of picture:—

									£	8.	d.	
No.	1.	size of	glass,	6	by	5	inches	K Vd 3	0	5	6	
	2.	"		$7\frac{3}{4}$	by	6	+ "		0	7	0	
	3.			$10\frac{1}{2}$	by	8	"	•	0	8	0	
	4.	"		111	by	9	• "		0	12	0	

APPARATUS USED FOR THE COLLODION AND ALBUMEN PROCESSES.

In the following list will be found all the necessary materials and apparatus for use in both the Collodion and Albumenized Glass processes, together with forms of Focimeter for determining the chemical foci of Lenses.

Glass Plates, with ground edges, best patent plate, free from specks

	DIV	CILD											
				PI	ER D	oz.					P	ER D	OZ.
					8.	d.						8.	d.
Size	31	by	$2\frac{3}{4}$	inches	1	3	Siz	ze 7	by	6	inches	5	3
44	4	by	3	"	1	6	44	81/2	by	$6\frac{1}{2}$	"	6	6
- 44	41	by	31	"	1	9	"	9	by	7	"	7	6
"	5	by	4	***	2	3	6	10	by	8	- 46	11	6
"	6	by	5	"	3	6		12	by	10	***	17	0
44	$6\frac{1}{2}$	by	434	"	3	6	a large						

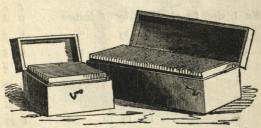


Fig. 62.

Boxes for holding Glass Plates, White Wood, with grooves for One Dozen Plates (Fig. 62):—

BOXES FOR GLASS PLATES.

No. 1.	size 31 by 23 in.	s. 1		6. size 6 by 5 in.	s. 9	d.
2.	" 4 by 3 "	1.	8	7. " 7 by 6 "		
3.	" 4½ by 3½ "	1	8	8. " 8½ by 6½ "		
4.	" 5 by 4 "	2	0	9. " 9 by 7 "		
5.	" 6½ by 4¾ "	2 (10. "10 by 8 "		

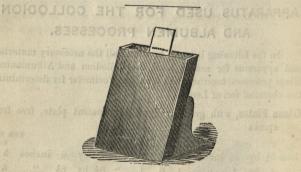


Fig. 63.

GUTTA PERCHA DIPPING BATHS.

Inclined, with bracket supports, and glass dippers (Fig. 63):-

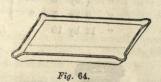
o. 1. siz	e, for pla	ates 4	by	3	inches			s. 2	
2.	"		by					3	
3.			by					4	
4.	- 46	81	by	61				7	
5.	**	9					0		
6.	"	10	by	8	"		0		
7.	"	12	by I	10	"		0	17	6
8.	"	14			**		1	2	6
9. for	Stereosco	opic p	lates		Glass	anti-l	0	3	6

Glass Dipping Bath	ns, fitted	in	Mahogany	stands,	with glass
dippers:—					

					-		£	s.	d.	
No. 1. size,	for plates	4	by	3	inches	100	0	3	0	
	"						0	4	0	
3.	"	6	by	5	"			6		
4.	"	81	by	61	46		0			

Glass Dippers, for plunging the plates into the Bath of Nitrate of Silver:—

No. 1. size,	for plate	es 5	by	4	inches		0	s. 0		
2.	"	7	by	6	"			1		
3.	46 46	10	by	8		i più	0	1	6	Ä,
4.	4,6	12	by	10			0	2	0	



Porcelain Pans for washing (see page 35).



Fig. 65.

Water-tight Baths, in Glass and Gutta Percha (Fig. 65).

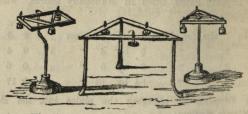


Fig. 67.

Fig. 68.

Fig. 66.

LEVELLING STANDS,

With adjusting Screws, for laying plates with Albumen, and developing Collodion pictures.

		deve	eloping	C	ollo	dion	pecture	f	s.	đ.
No. 1. size	, for	plates	up to	5	by	4	inches	(Fig. 66)	3	
2.	46		"	7	by	6	26 0	(Fig. 67)	5	0
3.	44		44	9	by	7	"	(Fig. 01)	7	6
4.	"		".	12	by	10	"	(Fig. 68)	8	6



Fig. 70. Fig. 69.

PLATE HOLDERS.

	£	3.	a.
Pneumatic Plate Holder, simple form (Fig. 69)	0	1	0
Ditto, ditto	0	2	0
Ditto, ditto, large, with lever (Fig. 70)	0	4	6



Fig. 71.



Fig. 72.

Too, THEET STREET, LONDON.		4	3
Di. 1	£	5.	d.
Photographic Visnometer, (Fig. 71) for enabling the tourist to judge of the effect of a landscape, folding			
for the pocket	0	3	6
Focussing Glass or Eye-piece, for obtaining a perfectly			,
sharp and distinct picture on the focussing screen			
(Fig. 72) 7s. 6d. and	0	14	0
Instrument to count Seconds, with Alarum	3	0	0
Ditto, ditto, without Alarum	1	5	0
Scales and Weights (See page 38).			
The second secon			数4
BLAND AND LONG'S VARNISH.			
For protecting the Collodion picture from injury during	£	s.	d.
printing per ounce,	0	0	Æ
This varnish is a most perfect protection and is	Tie		
easily applied; it possesses the qualities of extreme			
hardness, transparency, and rapidity of drying in the highest degree.			
Filter Rings, useful in filtering small quantities of liquids each, 3d., 6d., and	0	0	0
Glass Graduated Measures (See page 37)	v	U	0
Claudet's Focimeter, for ascertaining the amount of			
sengration existing between the entirel and			
chemical foci of lenses	1	10	0
	1	1	0
Harris and the state of the sta			
PHOTOGRAPHIC COLOU	R	S,	
For colouring Photographs on Plate or Collodia	122		
207 colour my 2 notograpme on 1 tutto 07 colour			đ.
No. 1. Box containing 7 colours, with gold and silver			
shells, brushes, &c. No. 2. Ditto, containing 14 colours, gold and silver	e) 7	6
shells, and an assortment of brushes		10) 6
No 3 Ditto containing 21 colours ditto	() 15	0
Separate colours of all tints per bottle Camel's-hair Brushes per dozen Sable ditto	3. ()	1 0
Camel's-hair Brushes per dozen	1	0	1 0
Sable ditto	71.7	0 8	3 0
Elastic Bottle, for removing dust from plate, No.	1,	29.	6d.
No. 2, 3s. 6d., No. 3, 4s. 6d.			lists.





STEREOSCOPES, AND STEREOSCOPIC PICTURES.

Stereoscopes are of two kinds, namely, the Reflecting Stereoscope of Professor Wheatstone, and the Lenticular or Refracting one of Sir David Brewster (Fig. 73). They both possess the power, as their name implies, of exhibiting objects properly prepared as solids; that is to say, precisely as we see them in nature, having three dimensions-length, breadth, and thickness.

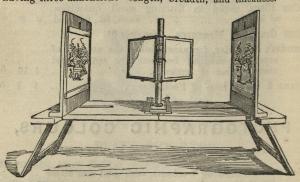


Fig. 74.

The Reflecting Stereoscope (Fig. 74) is best adapted to the display of large pictures and views; while the Lenticular one is most suited for the exhibition of portraits, architectural subjects, still life, groups of statuary, and such objects which do not suffer by being reduced to pictures of small size.

One of the most beautiful applications of Photography is, the taking of pictures fitted for the Stereoscope; in fact, this is the only really correct means by which we can obtain them.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PHENOMENA PRODUCED BY THE STEREOSCOPE.

The Stereoscope is an instrument which was originally designed, but in a different form from that now generally used, by Professor Wheatstone, for the purpose of demonstrating the theory of binocular vision, or, in other words, of exhibiting the effects and advantages of having two eyes.

The name is derived from two Greek words signifying to view solid things, and the instrument is so constructed that two flat pictures, taken under certain conditions, shall appear to form a single solid or

projecting body.

The effects are so striking, and seem so opposed to the evidence of our senses, that the most casual observer immediately seeks a solution of the mystery. As, however, the phenomena cannot be comprehended without some knowledge of the science of optics, a few general principles will be stated in as familiar a manner as the

subject will admit.

All bodies are rendered visible by the light which radiates from every point of their surfaces, each ray of light carrying with it the image of the object from which it emanated. These rays are refracted by the crystalline lens and other humours of the eye; and are brought to a focus so as to form a picture of the object, upon a delicate expansion of the optic nerve termed the retina, which picture is precisely similar to that formed by the lens in the ordinary camera obscura. The impressions thus produced are conveyed to the brain or sensorium by the optic nerves; so that the eye does not see, but is merely the instrument by means of which the mind perceives external objects while the judgment derived from experience determines their shapes and distances.

A picture of an object is formed on the retina of each eye, but although there may be but one object presented to the two eyes, the pictures formed on the two retinæ are not precisely alike, because the

object is not observed from the same point of view.

If the finger be held at a distance of six or eight inches from the eyes, it will be obvious that it can only be seen by rays diverging from the finger, as no others would enter the eyes. And if we bend a card so as to represent a triangular roof, place it on the table with the gable end towards the eyes, and look at it, first with one eye and then with the other, quickly and alternately opening and closing one of the eyes, the card will appear to move from side to side, because it is seen by each eye under a different angle of vision. If we look at the card with the left eye only, the whole of the left side of the card will be plainly seen, while the right side will be thrown into shadow. If we next look at the same card with the right eye only, the whole of the right side of the card will be distinctly visible, while the left side will be thrown into shadow; and thus two images of the same object, with differences of outline, light, and shade will be formed, the one on the retina of the right eye, and the other on the retina of the These images falling on corresponding parts of the retinæ convey to the mind the impression of a single object, while experience having taught us, however unconscious the mind may be of the existence of two different images, that the effect observed is always produced by a body which really stands out or projects, the judgment

naturally determines the object to be a projecting body.

It is experience also that teaches us to judge of distances by the different angles of vision under which an object is observed by the two eyes, for the inclination of the optic axes when so adjusted that the images may fall on corresponding parts of the retine, and thus convey to the mind the impression of a single object, must be greater or less according to the distance of the object from the eyes.

Perfect vision cannot then be obtained without two eyes, as it is by the combined effect of the image produced on the retina of each eye, and the different angles under which objects are observed, that a

judgment is formed respecting their solidity and distances.

A man restored to sight by couching cannot tell the form of a body without touching it, until his judgment has been matured by experience, although a perfect image may be formed on the retina of each eye. A man with only one eye cannot readily distinguish the form of a body which he had never previously seen, but quickly and unwittingly moves his head from side to side, so that his one eye may alternately occupy the different positions of a right and left eye; and, if we approach a candle with one eye shut, and then attempt to snuff it, we shall experience more difficulty than we might have expected, because the usual mode of determining the correct distance

is wanting.

In order, then, to deceive the judgment, so that flat surfaces may represent solid or projecting figures, we must cause the different images of a body, as observed by the two eyes, to be depicted on the respective retinæ, and yet to appear to have emanated from one and the same object. Two pictures are therefore taken from the really projecting or solid body, the one as observed by the right eye only, and the other as seen by the left. These pictures are then placed in the box of the Stereoscope, which is furnished with two eye-pieces containing lenses so constructed that the rays proceeding from the respective pictures, to the corresponding eve-pieces, shall be refracted or bent outwards, at such an angle as each set of rays would have formed had they proceeded from a single picture in the centre of the box to the respective eyes, without the intervention of the lenses; and as it is an axiom in optics that the mind always refers the situation of an object to the direction from which the rays appear to have proceeded when they enter the eyes, both pictures will appear to have emanated from one central object; but as one picture represents the real or projecting object as seen by the right eye, and the other as observed by the left, though appearing by refraction to have proceeded from one and the same object, the effects conveyed to the mind, and the judgment formed thereon, will be precisely the same as if the images were both derived from one solid or projecting body, instead of from two pictures, because all the usual conditions are fulfilled; and consequently the two pictures will appear to be converted into one solid body.

The necessary pictures for producing these effects, excepting those of geometrical figures, which may be laid down by certain rules, cannot, however, be drawn by the hands of man, for, as Professor Wheatstone has observed, "It is evidently impossible for the most accurate and accomplished artist to delineate, by the sole aid of his eye, the two projections necessary to form the stereoscopic relief of objects as they exist in nature with their delicate differences of outline, light, and shade. But what the hand of the artist was unable to accomplish, the chemical action of light, directed by the camera, has enabled us to effect."

Daguerreotype portraits and Talbotype pictures are therefore taken, usually by two Cameras placed towards the object, with a difference of angle equal to the difference of the angle of vision of the two eyes, which is about 18° when the object is eight inches from the eyes; hence, if these be carefully examined and compared with the original projecting objects, they will be found to be faithful representations of the object as seen by each eye respectively.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING THE STEREOSCOPE.

The objects must be so adjusted in the box that only one picture may be seen in the centre, care being taken that the pictures are not reversed so as to be seen by the right eye instead of the left, and vice versa.

The proper position of portraits, buildings and similar objects, cannot be mistaken, but where this is not readily perceived, it should be ascertained, when the object can be marked so as at once to be properly placed.

The eye-pieces, if allowed to turn, are marked with arrows to indicate their proper position; these must be placed inwards, and in a right line with each other.

The eye-pieces are made to draw out to suit the foci of different persons. Those who use spectacles will generally see best with them on, bringing them forward so as to lie flat on the eye-pieces, which, in such cases, should not be drawn out.

THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE			
Reflecting Stereoscope for large views	2	10	d. 0
Ditto, ditto, superior construction (Fig 74)	4	4	0
Refracting Stereoscope, in Japanned Tin, with diagrams			
each	0	3	0
Ditto, ditto, (Fig 73,) in mahogany, with Brass Eye-			
pieces 7s. 6d. and	0	10	0
Ditto, ditto, rosewood	0	14	0
Ditto, ditto, " superior, with Ivory Eye-pieces	1	1	0
Ditto, ditto, in mahogany, very superior, with Brass			
Eye-pieces, adapted for hot climates	0	18	0
Ditto, ditto, mounted on brass adjusting stand suitable			
for the table $(Fig. 75)$	1	15	0
Brass Stand for Stereosc from	0	15	0

STEREOSCOPIC PICTURES.

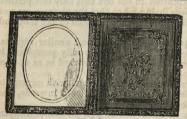
Messrs. Bland and Long would take occasion to remark, that a great difference exists in the quality of pictures suited to the Stereoscope, the prices of those only which are highly satisfactory as works of art being detailed in the following list:—

Daguerreotype Pictures for Stereoscopes, each 5s., 6s, & 0 10 0 Views and Subjects on paper, each 1s., 2s., and 0 3 0 Transparent Albumen Pictures on Glass. including

views in all parts of the globe, 4s., 5s., 7s. 6d., 9s., & 0 10 0

Large Views on paper for reflecting Stereoscopes, per pr. 0 12 0

Messrs. Bland and Long are continually adding new subjects to their stock of Stereoscopic Pictures.





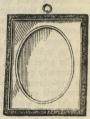


Fig. 77.

MOROCCO CASES,

With Gilt Mats.

Morocco Cases, fitted with Glasses and Gilt Mats of three shapes—dome, oval, and cushion, of very superior quality, for finished pictures (Fig. 76):—

No	. 1.	size.	for plates	21	hv	. 9	inghas				s.	
	0		Picco	~ 2	~ 5	~	menes	ni 6	per doz.	. 0	10	0
	2.	18,54	"	34	by	23	"	952	"	0	16	0
									"			
	4.	" a	Eye pleas	41	by	31	"	11.0		1	4	0
	5.	"	anti"dia	5	by	4	"		"		15	
	6.	**	"	$6\frac{1}{2}$	by	43	"				10	
	7.	"	delas	6	by	5	hau ma	go fo			10	
	8.	"			MARKET AND		"	質和	"		0	

MOROCCO FRAMES,

With &	Suspensory	Rings.	Mats.	and	Glasses.	(Fig.	77.)
--------	------------	--------	-------	-----	----------	-------	------

No.	1.	size,	for	plates	21	by	2 i	nches	per doz.		s. 7	
						2 800		"		0	9	6
	3.	"		"	4	by	3	"		0	10	6
	4.	"		"	41	by	31/4	"	**	0	12	6
	5.	4.		"	5	by	4		"	1	0	0
	6.	"		"	$6\frac{1}{2}$	by	43	"	"	1	10	0
	7.	"		"	81	by	61/2	"		3	0	0

GILT MATS,

Of superior quality, oval, dome, and cushion shapes.

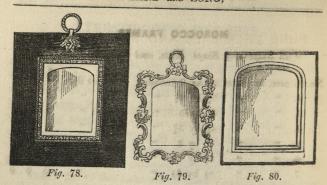
No	,	ain.	C1-4	01	1	-	.36.30			£		
110.	1.	size,	for plates	22	by	2	inches		per doz.	U	U	9
	2.	"	"	31	by	2	3 16		"	0	1	0
	3.	"		4	by	3	**	en en	"	0	1	3
	4.	"	"	41	by	3	1 "	1927 KING	"	0	1	6
	5.	"	"	5	by	4	"	dust i	"	0	2	9
	6.	"	"	63	by	4	3 "	d 18. t	of the color	0	5	6

PRESERVERS.

These frames are composed of thin gilt metal, having a beading on the edge; their use is to keep the glass, mat, and picture in close contact, to the exclusion of dust, &c.

		er la Laborer							£	s.	d.	
No. 1.	size,	for plates	21	by	2 i	nches	mada	per doz.	0	0	9	
							1.90	. " jaka	0	0	10	
3.	"	8 44	41	by	$3\frac{1}{4}$	"	44.64		0	1	8	
4.	"	0 1 h	5	by	4	"	\$2 X4	. "	0	3	0	
5.	"	"	61	by	$4\frac{3}{4}$	"	452 · yel	18 "	0	4	6	

Gutta Fercha Frances to ord



BLACK PAPIER MACHE FRAMES,

Very elegant, with Gilt Rim and Suspension Ring. (Fig. 78.)

								£	s.	d.
No. 1.	size,	for plates	$2\frac{1}{2}$	by	2 inches	And American	each	0	2	6
2.	"	"	31	by	23 "		"			
3.	"	"			31 "		**			
4.	"			Secure Six	4 "	A SU SHAN	"			200

ORMOLU FRAMES,

		With Gilt	M	ats and Glasses.	(Fig.	79.)			
No 1							£		d.
210. 1.	5140,	101 praces	22	by 2 inches	#• F F	each	0	1	6
2.	"	"	34	by 23 "		"	0	2	0
3.	"	"	41	by 3½ "		"	0	3	0
4.				by 4 "		"	0	5	0
5.	"	"	6	by 5		"	0	10	0

PASSE PARTOUTS,

For Daguerreotype, Glass, or Paper Portraits and Views. (Fig. 80.)

		0 001000		19. 00.
Inches.	Dark ground.	White gold.	& Dead gold.	Card- board.
No. 1. For plates, 2½ by 2 per doz.	8. d. 2 0	s. d. 3 0	7 9	s. d.
3. " 4½ by 3½ "	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 \\ 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\left \begin{array}{cc} 8 & 6 \\ 9 & 6 \end{array}\right $	7 6
5. " 6½ by 4¾ "	5 6 6 9	7 6 9 6	15 0 20 0	9 0 10 6
Gutta Percha Franca to	12 0	18 0	42 0	16 0

PURE CHEMICALS AND PREPARATIONS

Used in the Photographic Processes.

Messrs. Bland & Long feel great confidence in submitting the following list of Chemicals, &c., to the notice of Photographers, as being of the first quality and of perfect purity.

DAGUERREOTYPE.				
Bromine, in 1 ounce bottles	estronordor Lagrandordora	£	8.	d. 6
" Solution	per ounce	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	ő	4
(Ohlanida amanan de	Pot Stitle	0	0	6
Bromide of Lime	per bottle	0	2	6
" Iodine		0	1	0
Chloro-bromide of Lime	0	3	6	
Charcoal, prepared, for polishing plates	0	1	0	
Cotton wool, best . per ounce 3d., Gold, Chloride, in bottles	per pound	0	3	0
Gold, Chloride, in bottles	4 dram	0	3	0
4	1 "	0	5	0
8 6 6	1 "	0	8	6
	2 "	0.000	17	0
Gold, Salt of (Sel d'or) Iodine, pure, re-sublimed (variable)	per bottle	0	3	9
lodine, pure, re-sublimed (variable)	per ounce		2	0
" Commercial		0	1	6
" Tincture	A MONDON	P	0	6
Lime, Bromide	nor hottle	0	3	0
" Iodide	ber porne	0		6
Lamp Black, prepared for buffing .		0		0
Mercury, pure distilled per ounce 3d.,	per pound	0	2	6
Naphtha for lamp	per pint			
Naphtha, for lamp	per ounce	0	0	6
Rouge	. "	0	0	6
Sensitive Solution	per bottle	0	2	6
Silver Solution (Argento-cyanide of Potassiu	m), for re-			
silvering Daguerreotype plates Soda, Hyposulphite, pure, per pound 8d.,	per ounce	0	1	0
Soda, Hyposulphite, pure, per pound 8d.,	obs official	0	0	100000
Tripoli, prepared, for polishing	OF COURSE BUILDING	()	0	6
Water, distilled	per gallon	0	0	6
	addamner, on			
CALOTYPE AND PAPER PRO	CESSES.			
Acid, Acetic Glacial, pure	per ounce	0	1	0
"Gallic		0	1.	6
" Succinic		0	5	0
Ammonia, pure			0	2 3
" Muriate, free from iron .	inches Hong a	0	0 2	3
Ammonium, Iodide (variable)		0	2	6
Barium, Chloride	and the same	0	0.	2

			_	
Barium, Iodide (variable)		£	8.	d
Gold, Chloride	. per ounce		4	(
	. per dram		8	(
" Solution, for darkening positives	per ounce		0	(
Iron, Protosulphate, pure	N. E. A. C.	0	0	
" Iodide (variable)	. "	0	2	(
Potassium, Bromide, pure (variable) .		0	2	(
" Cyanide	. "	0	0	4
Tourde (variable)	. "	0	2	(
" Ferrocyanate (yellow prussia	ate) "	0	0	4
" Ferridcyanide (red prussiate) . "	0	0	(
" Fluoride	. "	0	2	(
Silver, Nitrate, crystallized		0	4	(
" " fused	. "	0	4	(
" Ammonio-nitrate		0	1	(
" Iodide	16	0	6	(
" in Iodide of Potassium .	"	0	1	(
Soda, Hyposulphite . per pound Sodium, Chloride, pure	81 "	0	0	j
Sodium, Chloride, pure		0	0	1
" Fluoride		0	1	
Sugar of Milk	" "			(
Solution for iodizing waxed paper		0	0	
	. per pint	0	5	(
			9	(
White Wax sensiti	140	YEUT Y	The State of the	600
White Wax	per pound	0	3	600
White Wax	per pound	0	3	0
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN G	per pound	0	3	600
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN G	per pound LASS PROCE	0	3 S.	0
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Co. cid, Acetic Glacial per ourse. "Pyrogallic, pure	per pound LASS PROCE	0 SSE 0	3 s. 0	4
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Co. cid, Acetic Glacial	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and e 8s., per dram	0 SSE 0 0	3 s. 0 1	4 0
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Good, Acetic Glacial per oper ounce	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and 8s., per dram per ounce	0 SSE 0 0 0	3 S. 0 1 0	4 0 2
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Good, Acetic Glacial	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and 8s., per dram per ounce per pound	0 SSE 0 0 0	3 S. 0 1 0 0	4 0 2 3
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Good, Acetic Glacial	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and 8s., per dram per ounce	0 SSE 0 0 0 0	3 S. 0 1 0 0 0	4 0 2 3 2
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Could, Acetic Glacial per ounce Sulphuric, pure common mmonia, pure mmonium, Iodide (variable) arium, Iodide	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and 8s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce	0 SSE 0 0 0 0 0	3 5. 0 1 0 0 0 3	4 0 2 3 2 6
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Could, Acetic Glacial per ounce Sulphuric, pure common mmonia, pure mmonium, Iodide (variable) arium, Iodide	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and 98s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce	0 SSE 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 5. 0 1 0 0 0 3 4	4 0 2 3 2 6 0
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Colid, Acetic Glacial per per ounce Sulphuric, pure common mmonia, pure mmonium, Iodide (variable) arium, Iodide aryta, Nitrate, pure	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and 8s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce ""	0 SSE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 5. 0 1 0 0 0 3 4 0	4 0 2 3 2 6 0 3
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Good and Acetic Glacial per ounce Sulphuric, pure common mmonia, pure mmonium, Iodide (variable) arium, Iodide aryta, Nitrate, pure ollodion Iodized	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and b 8s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce "" "" ""	0 SSE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 5. 0 1 0 0 0 3 4 0 0	4 0 2 3 2 6 0 3 8
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Good, Acetic Glacial per ounce "Pyrogallic, pure per ounce "Sulphuric, pure common mmonia, pure mmonium, Iodide (variable) arium, Iodide aryta, Nitrate, pure collodion "Iodized ther, Sulphuric, rectified	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and e 8s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce "" "" "" "" ""	0 SSE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 s. 0 1 0 0 0 3 4 0 0 0	4 0 2 3 2 6 0 3 8 9
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Good, Acetic Glacial per ounce "Pyrogallic, pure per ounce "Sulphuric, pure common mmonia, pure mmonium, Iodide (variable) arium, Iodide aryta, Nitrate, pure collodion "Iodized other, Sulphuric, rectified	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and b 8s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce "" "" "" "" ""	0 SSE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 S. 0 1 0 0 0 3 4 0 0 0 0 0	4 0 2 3 2 6 0 3 8 9 6
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Good, Acetic Glacial per ounce "Pyrogallic, pure per ounce "Sulphuric, pure common mmonia, pure mmonium, Iodide (variable) arium, Iodide aryta, Nitrate, pure collodion "Iodized on, Protosulpharte, pure con, Protosulpharte, pure	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and 8s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce	0 SSEE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 S. 0 1 0 0 0 3 4 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 0 2 3 2 6 0 3 8 9 6 1
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Good, Acetic Glacial per ounce Sulphuric, pure per ounce common mmonia, pure mmonium, Iodide (variable) arium, Iodide aryta, Nitrate, pure ollodion Iodized ther, Sulphuric, rectified on, Protosulphate, pure Protonitrate, solution	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and 8s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce	0 SSSE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 S. 0 1 0 0 0 0 3 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 0 2 3 2 6 0 3 8 9 6 1 3
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Go. cid, Acetic Glacial per ounce "Protosulphate, pure common mmonia, pure mmonium, Iodide (variable) arium, Iodide aryta, Nitrate, pure ollodion Iodized (ther, Sulphuric, rectified on, Protosulphate, pure Protonitrate, solution Iodide (variable)	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and 8s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce	0 SSEE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 s. 0 1 0 0 0 0 3 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2	4 0 2 3 2 6 0 3 8 9 6 1
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Good acid, Acetic Glacial per ounce "Pyrogallic, pure per ounce "Sulphuric, pure common mmonia, pure mmonium, Iodide (variable) arium, Iodide aryta, Nitrate, pure ollodion "Iodized ther, Sulphuric, rectified on, Protosulphate, pure Protonitrate, solution Iodide (variable) tassa, Nitrate, powdered	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and a 8s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 s. 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1	4 0 2 3 2 6 0 3 8 9 6 1 3
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Good, Acetic Glacial per ounce "Pyrogallic, pure per ounce "Sulphuric, pure common mmonia, pure mmonium, Iodide (variable) arium, Iodide aryta, Nitrate, pure collodion "Iodized ther, Sulphuric, rectified on, Protosulphate, pure Protonitrate, solution Iodide (variable) tassa, Nitrate, powdered tassium, Iodide (variable)	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and e 8s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce "" "" per pound per ounce	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 s. 0 1 0 0 0 0 3 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2	4 0 2 3 2 6 0 3 8 9 6 1 3 0
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Good Acetic Glacial per ounce "Pyrogallic, pure per ounce "Sulphuric, pure common mmonia, pure mmonium, Iodide (variable) arium, Iodide aryta, Nitrate, pure collodion "Iodized ther, Sulphuric, rectified ton, Protosulphate, pure Protonitrate, solution Iodide (variable) tassa, Nitrate, powdered tassium, Iodide (variable) ver, Nitrate, crystallized	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and 8s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 s. 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1	4 0 2 3 2 6 0 3 8 9 6 1 3 0 0 0
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Good acid, Acetic Glacial per ounce "Pyrogallic, pure common mmonia, pure mmonium, Iodide (variable) arium, Iodide aryta, Nitrate, pure collodion "Iodized ther, Sulphuric, rectified on, Protosulphate, pure Protonitrate, solution Iodide (variable) tassa, Nitrate, powdered tassium, Iodide (variable) ver, Nitrate, crystallized "fused"	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and 8s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce " " " " per pound per ounce " " " " " " " " " " " " "	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 S. 0 1 0 0 0 0 3 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1 2	4 0 2 3 2 6 0 3 8 9 6 1 3 0 0 0
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Good and the control of the c	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and a 8s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce "" "" per pound per ounce "" "" "" per pound per ounce "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	0 SSE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 s. 0 1 0 0 0 0 3 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1 2 4	4 0 2 3 2 6 0 3 8 9 6 1 3 0 0 0 0 0
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN G cid, Acetic Glacial per ounce "Pyrogallic, pure per ounce "Sulphuric, pure common mmonia, pure mmonium, Iodide (variable) arium, Iodide aryta, Nitrate, pure collodion "Iodized ther, Sulphuric, rectified on, Protosulphate, pure Protonitrate, solution Iodide (variable) tassa, Nitrate, powdered tassium, Iodide (variable) ver, Nitrate, crystallized "fused Iodide (variable) ver, Nitrate, crystallized "fused Iodide (variable) ver, Nitrate, crystallized "fused Iodide (variable) ver, Nitrate, crystallized	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and a 8s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce "" "" per pound per ounce "" "" "" per pound per ounce "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	0 SSE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 s. 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 0 2 3 2 6 0 3 8 9 6 1 3 0 0 0 6 0 0 6
COLLODION AND ALBUMEN Good, Acetic Glacial per ounce "Pyrogallic, pure per ounce "Sulphuric, pure common mmonia, pure mmonium, Iodide (variable) arium, Iodide aryta, Nitrate, pure ollodion "Iodized ther, Sulphuric, rectified on, Protosulphate, pure Protonitrate, solution Iodide (variable) tassa, Nitrate, powdered tassium, Iodide (variable) ver, Nitrate, crystallized for fused Iodide Humbel 1 for fused Iodide India for fused Iodide	per pound LASS PROCE ounce 6d. and 8s., per dram per ounce per pound per ounce	0 SSE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 S. 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 0 2 3 2 6 0 3 8 9 6 1 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

BLAND & LONG'S

IODIZED COLLODION,

Price 9d. per ounce.

This valuable preparation for sensitiveness and uniformity of action is unsurpassed.

The COLLODION and IODIZING SOLUTION can be obtained separate, in which state they will keep for an indefinite period, and can be exported to any climate without risk of deterioration.

Price of Collodion, in pint bottles, 12s. 6d.; Iodizing Solution, for one pint, 4s. 6d.; making 27 ounces Iodized Collodion 17s.

NITRATE OF SILVER BATH,

FOR BLAND & LONG'S COLLODION,

Ready for immediate use .- Price 7s. 6d. per pint.

BLAND & LONG'S

BENZOIN VARNISH,

FOR PROTECTING COLLODION PICTURES.

Price 1s. per ounce.

This Varnish does not require the plate to be warmed, but dries instantly, leaving a perfectly hard transparent coating on the picture.

LIQUID JET,

For applying to the back of Collodion Positives, giving great brilliancy and lustre to the Pictures.—Price in 4 oz. bottles, 6d.; 8 oz. ditto, 1s.

BLAND & LONG'S

POSITIVE TONING BATH,

For giving rich tones and colour to Positive Photographs, printed on either Plain or Albumenized Papers.—Price 5s. per pint.

BLAND & LONG'S

SILICA SOAP,

A powerful detersive Agent for the speedy removal of Photographic Stains.—Price in pots, 1s., 2s., and 3s. each, secured by a green label with name and address.

ESTIMATES

OF

Complete Sets of Photographic Apparatus.

FOR THE COLLODION PROCESS ONLY.

No. 1. Complete Set of Photographic Apparatus, for taking positive portraits and views up to 41 by 31 inches, in wood case, complete, with tripod stand

This apparatus is of the most simple kind, and consists of a compound achromatic lens (tested); walnut camera and back; 2 plate holders and focussing screen; mahogany tripod stand; scales and weights; porcelain pan; gutta percha bath and dipper; filtering paper; glass funnel; graduated measure; 1 dozen plates in box; and bottles containing 6 oz. of nitrate of silver bath, 3 oz. positive collodion, 1 pint of developing solution, 1 oz. cyanide potassium, 1 oz. of Bland and Long's transparent varnish, with full directions for use.

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- No. 3. Complete Set of Photographic Apparatus, for taking portraits and views 4½ by 3½ inches; consisting of a sliding body camera, in walnut wood; 1 single back, for plates 4½ by 3½ inches, fitted with compound achromatic lens of superior construction; reversing frame; glass plates in box; gutta percha bath and dipper; porcelain pan; levelling stand; scales and weights; glass graduated measure; filtering paper and funnel; Canson's positive paper, for printing; camera tripod stand; and chemicals, consisting of 1 oz. nitrate of silver, ½ dram of pyrogallic acid, 1 oz. glacial acetic acid, 4 oz. iodized collodion, hyposulphite of soda, 1 oz. varnish; the whole packed in case, with lock and handle
- No. 4. Complete Set of Photographic Apparatus, for portraits 4½ by 3½ inches, same as No. 3, but with best French-polished mahogany camera, and compound achromatic lens, of Bland and Long's own make, in which the chemical and optical foci are warranted to coincide; chemicals, stand, &c., complete

No. 5. Complete Set of Photographic Apparatus, consisting of sliding body camera of superior construction, with dark slide and loose frames for plates 5 by 4 inches, and 4 by 3 inches; Compound achromatic lens, mounted in handsome brass front, of Bland and Long's own make, the chemical and optical foci being perfectly coincident; glass plates; plate boxes; gutta perchabath and dipper; washing pan; levelling stand; reversing frame; glass measures; scales and weights, with glass pans; with all the necessary chemicals, papers, tripod stand, &c., packed in case, complete, with lock and key

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No. 6. Complete Set of Photographic Apparatus, consisting of sliding body camera, best make; dark slide, with 3 loose frames for plates 6 by 5 inches, 5 by 4 inches, and 4 by 3 inches, fitted with Compound achromatic lens, mounted in handsome brass front, of Bland and Long's own make, the chemical and optical foci being absolutely coincident; glass plates; 3 plate boxes; gutta percha bath and dipper; 2 washing pans; levelling stand; reversing frame; glass measures; scales and weights; funnel; filter ring; supply of positive paper; bibulous paper; tripod stand, with brass top; with all requisite chemicals, in stoppered bottles, and materials; the whole packed in case, with lock and key

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No. 7. Complete Set of Apparatus for Collodion pictures, 8½ by 6½ inches, 6 by 5 inches, and 5 by 4 inches; comprising mahogany sliding body camera, of best construction, with one dark slide, and three loose frames for glass plates, ground focussing glass, &c., fitted with double-combination achromatic lens, of Bland and Long's own manufacture, in which the chemical and optical foci are perfectly coincident, mounted in handsome brass front, with rack and pinion adjustment; 1 doz. plates, 81 by 61 inches, in box; 1 doz. plates, 6 by 5 inches, in box; 1 doz. plates, 5 by 4 inches, in box; gutta percha bath and dipper; 2 washing pans; levelling stand; reversing frame; glass measures; scales and weights; with a full supply of all the necessary chemicals, tripod stand, &c., complete, packed in stout case, with lock and key .

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ESTIMATES

OF

Complete Sets of Photographic Apparatus.

FOR THE PAPER PROCESSES ONLY.

No. 1. Complete Set of Photographic Apparatus, for taking pictures by the Calotype or waxed-paper process, 6 by 5 inches; consisting of mahogany camera, fitted with single achromatic lens, 1½ inches diameter, mounted in brass front; single dark slide for prepared paper; porcelain dish; preparing board; glass rod; reversing frame; 1 quire of photographic paper; 1 quire of bibulous ditto; set of scales and weights; 1 oz. measure; minim ditto; tripod stand; and all the necessary chemicals, &c., in stoppered bottles; the whole packed in case, with lock and key

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No. 2. Complete Set of Photographic Apparatus, for taking pictures by the calotype or the waxed-paper process, 7 by 6 inches; consisting of mahogany camera, fitted with single achromatic view lens, 2½ inches diameter, mounted in brass front; single dark slide for prepared paper; ground focussing glass; 2 porcelain dishes; board for the preparation of paper; 2 glass rods; reversing or printing frame; tripod stand for supporting the camera; 2 quires of photographic paper; 2 quires of bibulous ditto; scales and weights; glass measures; funnel; with all the necessary chemicals, &c.; the whole packed in case, with lock and key

6 16 6

No. 3. Complete Set of Photographic Apparatus, for taking pictures 9 by 7 inches, by either the calotype or waxed paper process; comprising mahogany camera, fitted with single achromatic view lens, 2\(\frac{5}{6}\) inches diameter, mounted in brass front; 1 double back for prepared paper; ground focusing screen; tripod stand for supporting camera; 2 porcelain dishes; preparing board; 2 glass rods; reversing or printing frame, for obtaining positives; 2 quires of photographic paper; 2 quires of bibulous ditto; scales and weights; glass measures and funnels; with all the necessary chemicals, complete; the whole packed in case, with lock and key

£ s. d

No. 4. Portable Photographic Apparatus, consisting of a folding camera of best construction, with ground focussing glass; 1 double back for prepared paper; fitted with single achromatic lens, 21 inches diameter, mounted in brass front, sliding adjustment for foreground and sky, adapted for taking pictures by the calotype or waxed-paper process, 7 by 6 inches; tripod stand for supporting the camera; 2 porcelain washing pans; preparing board; 2 glass rods; reversing frame; glass graduated measures and funnels; 2 quires of photographic paper; 1 quire of albumenized ditto; 1 quire of bibulous ditto; scales and weights, with glass pans; and a full supply of chemicals; the camera and lens packed in leather swing case, for convenience of carriage; the chemicals and other apparatus in case, with lock and key

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No. 5. Portable Photographic Apparatus, comprising folding camera of best construction; ground focussing glass; 1 double back for prepared paper 9 by 7 inches; fitted with single achromatic view lens, 25 inches diameter, mounted in brass front, with adjustment for foreground and sky; tripod stand, for supporting the camera; preparing board; 2 glass rods; 1 ounce glass graduated measure; minim ditto; 2 glass funnels; 2 porcelain pans for washing paper; reversing or printing frame; set of scales and weights, with glass pans; 3 quires of photographic paper; 2 quires of albumenized ditto; 2 quires of bibulous ditto; with a full supply of chemicals, &c. The camera, with back and lens, packed in leather sling case, for convenience of carriage; the chemicals and other apparatus in strong case, with lock and key

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No. 6. Portable Photographic Apparatus, consisting of folding camera of best construction, ground focussing glass; 1 double back for prepared paper, 11 by 9 inches; fitted with single achrometic view lens, 3 inches diameter, mounted in brass front with rackwork adjustment; sliding front to camera, for adjusting proportion of foreground and sky; tripod stand for supporting the camera; 2 porcelain pans for washing paper; preparing board; 2 glass rods; glass graduated measures; glass funnels; reversing or printing

frame; set of scales and weights, with glass pans; 3 quires of photographic paper; 3 quires of albumenized ditto; 3 quires of bibulous ditto; with a full supply of chemicals for the calotype or waxed-paper process: the camera and lens packed in leather sling case, for convenience of carriage; the chemicals and other apparatus in

ESTIMATES

FOR

Complete Sets of Photographic Apparatus.

FOR THE COLLODION AND PAPER PROCESSES COMBINED.

No. 1. Complete Set of Photographic Apparatus, for taking portraits by the collodion process, 41 by 31 inches, and views or landscapes 6 by 5 inches, on either calotype or waxed-paper; comprising a sliding body French-polished mahogany camera, with 1 single back for paper, and 1 single back with loose frames for collodion plates; fitted with compound achromatic lens, of Bland and Long's own make, which is adapted for either portraits or views; tripod stand; scales and weights; levelling stand; gutta percha bath and dipper; 1 dozen glass plates in box, 41 by 31 inches; 1 dozen ditto in box, 31 by 23 inches; reversing or printing frame; 2 glass graduated measures; 2 funnels; glass rods; preparing board; 2 porcelain washing pans; 1 quire of photographic paper; 1 quire of albumenized ditto; 1 quire of bibulous ditto; and a supply of chemicals both for collodion, and calotype or waxed-paper process; the whole packed in case, with lock and key

No. 2. Complete Set of Photographic Apparatus, for taking portraits on collodion 5 by 4 inches, and views or landscapes 7 by 6 inches, on either calotype or waxed-paper; consisting of mahogany French-polished sliding body camera, with 1 single back for paper 7 by 6 inches, and 1 single back for collodion plates; 2 loose frames, 5 by 4

inches, and 4 by 3 inches; fitted with compound achromatic lens, of Bland and Long's own make, which is adapted for either portraits or views; tripod stand; scales and weights; levelling stand; gutta percha bath and dipper; 1 dozen glass plates in box, 5 by 4 inches; 1 dozen ditto in box, 4 by 3 inches; reversing frame; 2 glass graduated measures; preparing board; 2 pans for washing; 1 quire of photographic paper; 1 quire of albumenized ditto; 1 quire of bibulous ditto; 2 glass funnels; and a good supply of chemicals in stoppered bottles, consisting of nitrate of silver, iodide of potassium, gallic acid, acetic acid, varnish, hyposulphite of soda, iodized collodion, pyrogallic acid, chloride of sodium, cyanide of potassium, nitrate of silver bath, &c.: the whole packed in case complete, with lock and . 15 No. 3. Ditto, ditto, same as above, but with portable folding camera, of best construction, with one double back for paper, and one single back for collodion plates . . 16 5 0 No. 4. Complete Set of Photographic Apparatus, for taking portraits on collodion 6 by 5 inches, and views or landscapes 9 by 7 inches, on calotype or waxed paper; comprising a mahogany Frenchpolished sliding body camera, with one single back for paper 9 by 7 inches, and one single back with two loose frames for collodion plates 6 by 5 inches, and 5 by 4 inches, fitted with compound achromatic lens of Bland and Long's own make, which is adapted for both portraits and views; tripod stand; scales and weights; levelling stand; gutta percha bath and dipper; 1 dozen glass plates, 6 by 5 inches, in box; 1 dozen ditto, 5 by 4 inches, in box; reversing frame; 2 glass graduated measures; preparing board; glass rods: 2 porcelain washing pans; 2 quires of photographic paper; 2 quires of albumenized ditto; 2 quires of bibulous ditto; 2 glass funnels; and a good supply of chemicals required in both processes; the whole carefully packed in case, with lock and key . 19 19 0 No. 5. Ditto, ditto, same apparatus, &c., as above, but with portable folding camera of best construction, with one double back for paper, and one

single back for collodion plates .

£ s. d.

0

No. 6. Complete Set of Photographic Apparatus, for taking portraits on collodion plates 81 by 61 inches, and views or landscapes 11 by 9 inches, on either calotype or waxed papers. Comprising mahogany sliding body camera, French-polished, with one single back for paper 11 by 9 inches, and one single back for glass plates, with two loose frames 81 by 61 inches, and 6 by 5 inches; fitted with compound achromatic lens, of Bland and Long's own make, which is adapted for either portraits or views; tripod stand; scales and weights; levelling stand; gutta percha bath and dipper; 1 dozen plates in box, 81 by 61 inches; 1 dozen ditto 6 by 5 inches, in box; reversing frame; 2 glass graduated measures; preparing board; 2 glass rods; 2 pans for washing; 3 quires of photographic paper; 3 quires of albumenized ditto; 3 quires of bibulous ditto; 2 funnels; and an ample supply of all the requisite chemicals for both processes, in stoppered bottles; the whole packed in strong case, 0 0 with lock and key No. 7. Ditto, ditto, same as above, but with portable folding camera of best construction, with one

Estimates given for complete Sets, for any single process, or combination of processes, not enumerated in the above list.

double back for paper, and one single back for

collodion plates .

ESTIMATES FOR COMPLETE SETS OF DAGUERREOTYPE APPARATUS.

(The following prices do not include a supply of silvered plates.)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1996		
No. 1. Set of Daguerreotype Apparatus, for taking pictures $4\frac{1}{2}$ by $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches, $3\frac{1}{2}$ by $2\frac{3}{4}$ inches, and $2\frac{3}{2}$ by 2 inches; consisting of No. 1 walnut sliding body camera, with single achromatic lens, mounted in brass front, dark slides for plates, ground focussing glass, &c. bromine and iodine pans, with air-tight glass covers, and set of frames; 3 plate holders; 3 plate boxes; 2 velvet polishing buffs; mercury box, with thermometer; porcelain washing tray; gilding stand, with levelling screws; improved pliers; glass spirit lamp; funnel; filtering paper; with all the necessary chemicals and polishing materials, in hard wood boxes. The whole packed in two		S.	
stained cases, with locks and handles	6	6	0
Ditto, of superior construction	10	10	0
If with compound achromatic lens, and double iodine and bromine boxes, forming a more		15	0
No. 2. Complete Set of Daguerreotype Apparatus, for portraits from 2\frac{3}{4} by 3\frac{1}{4} inches, up to 6\frac{1}{4} by 4\frac{3}{4} inches, with best compound achromatic lens, mounted in handsome brass front, rackwork adjustment; sliding body camera of mahogany, with dark frames, focussing glass, &c. improved compound inding and broming box: 2 polishing	gia por por unio mon		

No. 3. Complete Set of Daguerreotype Apparatus, for taking pictures up to 8½ by 6½ inches; consisting of sliding body camera, with dark frames, focussing glass, &c.; compound achromatic lens,

£ s. d.

mounted in handsome brass front, with rackwork adjustment; compound iodine and bromine apparatus, complete; polishing buffs; plate boxes; polishing blocks; camera stand; head rest; mercury box; washing pans; gilding stand; improved pliers; spirit lamp; funnels; polishing boxes; filtering paper, &c.; with a good supply of all the necessary chemicals, materials, &c. The whole carefully packed in two cases, with locks and handles

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No. 4. Complete Set of Daguerreotye Apparatus, suitable for a Public Institution or a professional Photographer; comprising large camera, with necessary slides for plates, ground focussing glass, combination achromatic lens, mounted in handsome brass front, with rackwork adjustment, for taking portraits, groups, or views up to 8½ by 6½ inches; also a small camera, with short focus double combination achromatic lens of large aperture, for taking portraits up to 44 by 31 inches in dull weather: polishing lathe, with circular buffs; 3 hand buffs; set of metal plate holders; heating stand: large bromine and iodine apparatus; set of plate boxes; camera stand; head rest, for chair; also head rest with heavy iron foot, for full length portraits; mercury box, for different sized plates; lamp, with yellow glass shade; one gallon still, and worm tub complete; gilding stands; stoneware filter; porcelain dishes and filter stands; funnels and filtering paper; spirit lamps; Daguerreotype colours and brushes; india-rubber bottle; glass measures: 2 painted backgrounds; with a full supply of chemicals, polishing materials, &c., complete .

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